



CA-SYS: CO-DESIGNED AGROECOLOGICAL SYSTEM EXPERIMENT

Long term experimental platform on agroecology at various scales



Proiect leaders



Stéphane CORDEAU (UMR Agroécologie)



Violaine DEYTIEUX (UE Domaine d'Epoisses) violaine.deytieux@inra.fr

Objectives of the CA-SYS Plateform

- Design and evaluate different agroecological systems
- Study the transition towards these agroecological systems (Agronomical performance, evolution of farming practices, multi-performance during the shift towards new ecological equilibria...)
- Breed new varieties adapted to agroecological conditions (Tolerant to multiple stressors, enhancing beneficial plant-microbe interactions...)
- Understand the biological processes underlying the functioning of agroecological systems
- Develop / update current experimental methods to create knowledge about agroecological systems



Different agroecological systems

An **agroecological system** comprises adjacent fields farmed with one (or a few) cropping systems. These fields interact with semi-natural habitats located in the surrounding landscape (woods, hedges, grass margin strips, flower strips). The spatio-temporal arrangment as well as the management of fields and the semi-natural habitats are considered as a complete strategy implemented to meet specific goals (e.g. multi-performance, biodiversity, etc...)

The agroecological systems tested in the CA-SYS platerform consist of:

- A substantial amount of semi-natural habitats to enhance the natural enemies of pests
- Four cropping systems combining a large diversity of farming practices

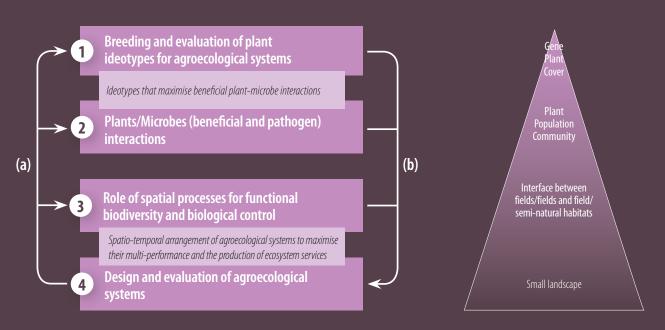
Some ambitious objectives

Targetted increases in the multi-performance of systems

- Profitability and productivity identical to neighouring farmers over a 10 year-horizon
- By maximising the use of biological processes (biological control of pests, improving nitrogen cycling...) By drastically reducing the use of pesticides

• Low environmental impact

General framework: four themes



- (a) The establishment of contrasted cropping systems (Theme 4) will offer contrasted agroecological conditions to conduct specific studies in Theme 1, 2 and 3 (*assessment of biological processes, evaluation of varieties...*).
- (b) The knowledge derived from Theme 1, 2 and 3 will contribute to the design and evolution of the agroecological systems being tested.

• Explore two main agricultural practices

NO-TILL & COVER-CROP BASED SYSTEMS

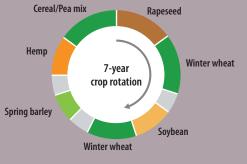


HEERIGE DRISED STOTEMIS



• Explore two levels of crop diversification EXPLORE TWO LEVELS

OF CROP DIVERSIFICATION



Example of crop rotation

TEMPORAL DIVERSIFICATION + SPATIAL DIVERSIFICATION





Mixture of crop/cover crop species and varieties

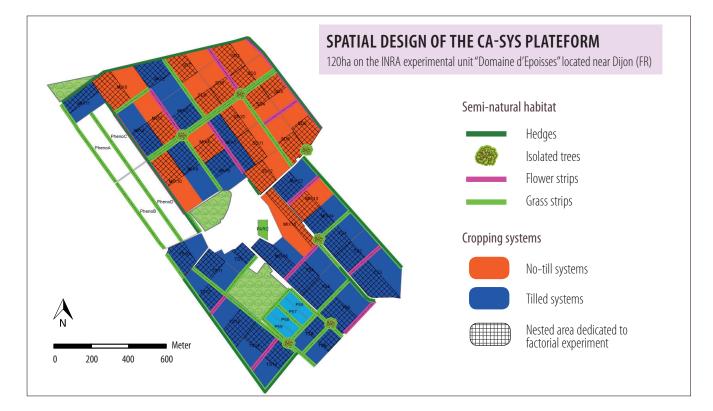


NESTING FACTORIAL EXPERIMENTS IN SYSTEMIC EXPERIMENTS

- Systemic experiments to design and assess agorecological systems
- Factorial experiments to test new varieties/mixture in agroecological conditions and to understand the effect of specific practices (e.g. cover crop termination tactics)
 - ► In each field, a specific area is dedicated to factorial experiments

THREE ZONES OF CONTRASTED CROPPING SYSTEMS EMBEDDED WITHIN A LANDSCAPE OF SEMI-NATURAL HABITATS

- Zone 1: No-till & cover crop based-systems only
- Zone 2: Tillage-based systems only
- Zone 3: Zone mixing fields of no-till and tillage-based systems
 - ► To test the effect of the spatial distribution of practices (homogeneous in Zone 1 and 2 vs. heterogeneous in Zone 3) on the spatial distribution of organisms and ecological processes





INRA - Centre of Research Burgundy-Franche-Comté Experimental Unit Domaine d'Époisses (UE 115) Joint Reasearch Lab Agroécologie (UMR 1347) http://www6.inra.fr/plateforme-casys

